BRITAIN IS ACCUSED OF HELPING ARABS Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES. New York Times (1857-Current file): May 1, 1948; ProQuest pg. 2 t Hist al Newspapers The New York Times (1851 - 2002)

BRITAIN IS ACCUSED OF HELPING ARABS

'Secret' Documents Offered to U. N. Delegates to Support Charge of Plot

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., April 30-A memorandum based on alleged secret documents purporting to show British condonement of the infiltration of Arab forces into Palestine and other anti-Jewish policies was presented to the United Nations General Assembly here today.

nere today. Prepared by The Nation Associ-ates, a group affiliated with the magazine The Nation, the forty-eight-page printed booklet was built around seven secret intelli-gence reports, said to have been issued by British units in the Middle East, and it cited a number of other communications, one of of other communications, one of which was marked "top secret." In the introduction to the memo-randum, Freda Kirchwey, presi-

In the introduction to the memo-randum, Freda Kirchwey, presi-dent of The Nation Associates, said her organization "presents the facts in this memorandum as essential to a wise and just deci-sion. An examination of the facts will show that the present violence in Palestine results from: "1 British sabotage of partition

will show that the present violence in Palestine results from: "1. British sabotage of partition * ** to insure British base rights in Palestine in perpetuity, as well as to safeguard British oil, trade and military interests in the Mid-dle East. "2 Britain's alliance with the

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and minitary interests in the inter-dle East. "2. Britain's alliance with the Arab league." She said that if partition gave way to any of several plans assur-ing Arab dominance in Palestine Britain, by "arrangement" with the League, would receive base rights in Haifa, the Negeb and Galilee. gave with base and Galilee.

Copies Given the Delegates

The memorandum was circulat-ed to delegates at the Assembly's special session on Palestine, ap-parently in the hope that one of them would introduce it into the debate. No indication was given as to how the documents had been to how the documents had been obtained.

obtained. In sections titled "British Know Every Arab Invasion Plan" and "Arab Legion Cannot Move With-out British Signal," extensive in-telligence reports are reproduced that, if authentic, indicate British provuledra of the whereabouts telligence tor-that, if authentic, indicate Brussa knowledge of the whereabouts, leadership, strength and armament of Arab units already inside Pal-estine. None of these alleged re-ports shows that the British com-manders actually knew of specific movements in advance.

manders actually knew of specific movements in advance. Most of the documents are dated between Jan. 1 and April 1, 1948. "Intelligence Summary No. 5," attributed to the North Pales-tine District and dated Jan. 21, said 500 Syrian volunteers were concentrating in the "Homs area" for border skirmishes. "The Syrian Government would later apologize to HMG (His Majesty's Govern-ment) on the grounds of youth and irresponsibility," said the al-leged secret report.

ment) on the grounds of yourn and irresponsibility," said the al-leged secret report. About two dozen excerpts are given from "Fortnightly Intelli-gence Newsletters" Nos. 60 to 63, inclusive, purported to have been issued by the headquarters of Brit-ish troops in Palestine. One of these estimated the newly arrived Arab forces at 10,000. "The Arab leaders are anxious not to aggravate the British in any way," it said, "but the question is whether so many men, possibly 10,000 of them at present in this country, with their bitter hatred of the Jews and their excitable char-acter, whose sole raison d'etre is the killing of Jews, can hold them-selves in check until the British forces have quitted." Chief Secretary Implicated

Chief Secretary Implicated

A number of documents were presented with the aim of showing British connivance with the Araba. One, marked "top secret" and al-leged to have been signed by E. D. Horn on behalf of the Chief Secre-tary for Palestine, asked the dis-trict commissioner of Jerusalem to request the Arab leaders to keep their men out of sight. It noted that "armed Syrians and other documents A number of were their men out of sight. It noted that "armed Syrians and other members of the Arab Liberation Army" were becoming more and

that "armed Syrians and other members of the Arab Liberation Army" were becoming more and more in evidence around the Holy City, increasing the danger of clashes with the security forces. The alleged prominent role of Brig. P. A. Clayton in the organ-ization and subsequent planning of the Arab League was cited and British influence over King Ab-dullah of Trans-Jordan and his Arab Legion was described as al-most absolute. King Abdullah has announced that he will personally lead his men into Palestine. "Could King Abdullah carry out his threat without British knowl-edge and consent?" the memoran-dum asked. "The facts show that Trans-Jordan is a military append-age of the British and could not act without their knowledge and consent."

consent."

An annual British expenditure of \$7,500,000 for the legion was cited. An alleged confidential dis-patch, calling for British infantry-men to volunteer for the legion's training mission, was reproduced. One alleged intelligence report g mission, alleged i

intelligence One alleged intelligence report said three or four German officers were with Arab forces near Jaffa and Lydda, though they refused to meet any British volunteers. Another, cited as evidence of pro-Arab sentiment among the British, described the Arab "invaders" in northern Palestine as well disci-plined and "a considerable stabiliz-ing influence." Messages were quoted concern-One report

Indiand "a considerable stabiliz-ing influence." Messages were quoted concern-ing the granting of visas to a Briton and an Egyption to enter Palestine from Egypt to purchase "Army surplus stores." The impli-cation of the memorandum was that these supplies would go to Arab forces. Describing the arrival at Cyprus

Aran forces. Describing the arrival at Cyprus of two shiploads of Jews from Rumania in January, among whom Communist agents had been re-ported. the memory of Communist agents have ported, the memorandum said a member of the Palestine Criminal Investigation Department had questioned five of the young men aboard. When questions concerning Soviet ship and troop movements failed to elicit any information, the memorandum said, the five immigrants were slapped and kicked and finally returned blindfolded from the interrogation folded from center."